



Event Calculator Report



Overview

Drapers Conscious Fashion Summit 2026 was hosted from **08:30AM 11 March 2026** to **06:00PM 11 March 2026** by **emap Publishing Limited**. The comprehensive calculation of the event revealed that the total associated emissions amounted to **2.04 metric tonnes of CO₂e**, this equates to **6.81 kg CO₂e per attendee**, which is equivalent to **39.09 km** travelled by an average petrol car. There were **300 event attendees** and data was captured from **5 attendees** through a **Delegate** entry method. The captured data was extrapolated to represent all attendees, assuming the sample collected is representative of the missing data. Emissions were calculated based on the venue space used, air travel, train travel, road travel, other travel, accommodation and meals served. The equivalent of **250 meals** was served, **20.0%** of which were **vegetarian or vegan meals**.

emap Publishing Limited has completed EarthCheck’s sustainable event management training, which provides tools and knowledge to minimise negative environmental, social and economic impacts and amplify positive sustainability outcomes. If the event venue is an EarthCheck Certified member, the data from the most recent benchmarked year is used to determine the venue’s energy and waste emissions. A snapshot of the event emissions is provided below, with further details in the table of results.

Emissions snapshot

Activity	Breakdown	Tonnes CO ₂ e
Accommodation	0.0%	0.00
Meals	53.8%	1.10
Travel (Air)	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Other)	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Road)	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Train)	18.1%	0.37
Venue	28.0%	0.57



Total event emissions
(t CO₂e)

2.04

Scope of event

{Scope text provided by client}

Implementation

Planning Phase

- **Venue selection:** Choose venues with strong sustainability practices or those willing to adopt them for the event.
- **Transportation:** Encourage the use of public transportation and carpooling. Provide information on eco-friendly transportation options.
- **Materials and supplies:** Prioritise reusable and recyclable materials. Minimise single-use items - plastic water bottles, disposable coffee cups, printed event programmes.
- **Suppliers:** Use suppliers who align with sustainability goals.

Event Execution

- **Waste management:** Provide clearly marked recycling and composting bins. Minimise single-use plastics.
- **Energy conservation:** Use energy-efficient equipment. Encourage sponsors and exhibitors to use eco-friendly lighting and displays.
- **Water usage:** Implement water conservation measures.
- **Sustainable catering:** Implement sustainable catering practices, including the use of organic, locally sourced food, vegetarian, vegan options and minimising food waste.
- **Inclusive participation:** Ensure that sustainability efforts also consider the accessibility for people with disabilities, promoting an inclusive environment for all attendees.

Post-Event

- **Evaluation:** Assess the environmental impact of the event and identify areas for improvement.
- **Documentation:** Keep records of sustainability efforts, successes, and areas for improvement.
- **Communication:** Share the sustainability achievements with stakeholders and encourage their feedback.

Stakeholder Engagement

- **Participants:** Encourage attendees to adopt sustainable practices during the event.
- **Sponsors and Exhibitors:** Promote sustainability practices and encourage the use of eco-friendly products and displays.

Continuous Improvement

- **Feedback mechanism:** Establish a system for gathering feedback from stakeholders to continuously improve sustainability practices.
- **Innovation:** Stay informed about new technologies and practices that can further enhance the sustainability of the ESG Conference and Awards.
- **Sustainability certification:** Aim to achieve sustainability certification for our event from recognised organisations, which can serve as a benchmark for our sustainability efforts.

Review and Updates

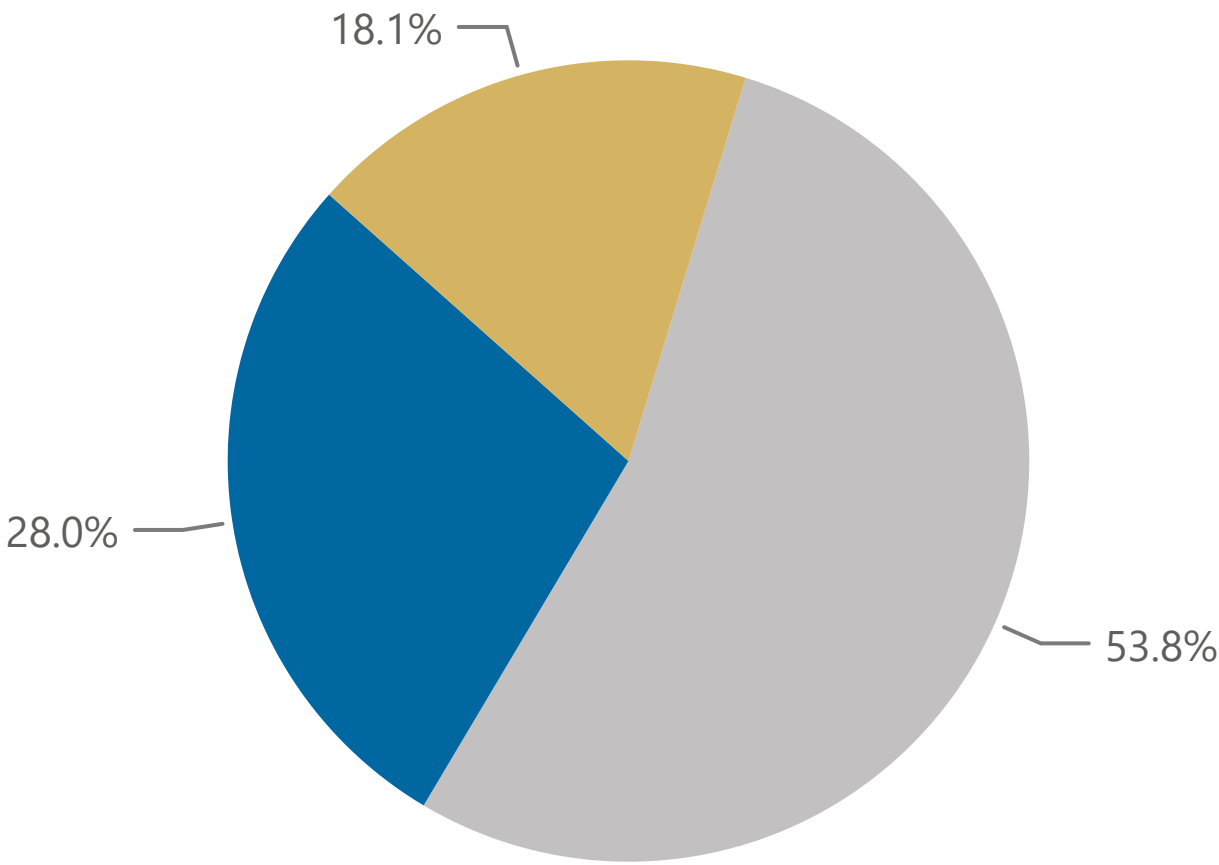
This policy will be periodically reviewed and updated to ensure its effectiveness and relevance.

{Scope text provided by client}

Event impact

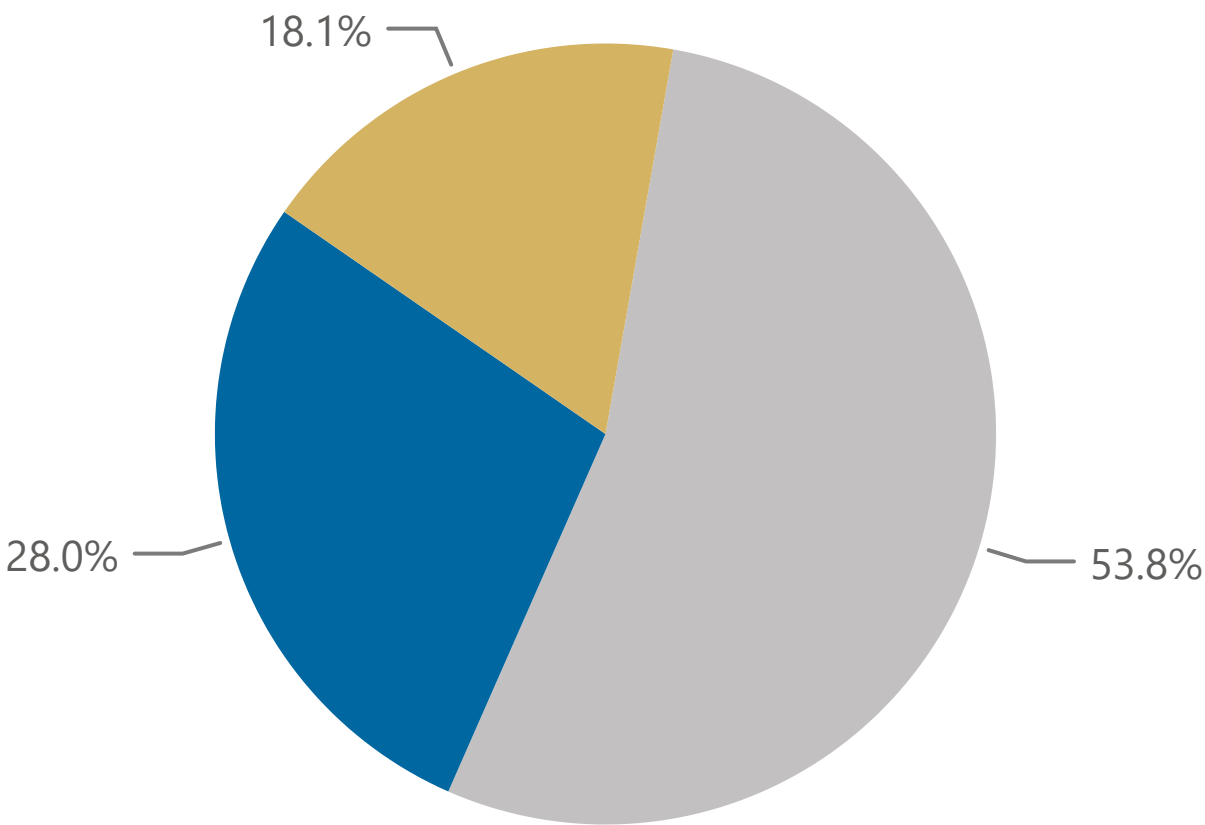
Activity	%	Tonnes CO ₂ e
Meals	53.8%	1.10
Venue	28.0%	0.57
Travel (Train)	18.1%	0.37
Accommodation	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Air)	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Other)	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Road)	0.0%	0.00

Emissions by activity



Emissions by activity excluding air travel

Activity	%	Tonnes CO ₂ e
Meals	53.8%	1.10
Venue	28.0%	0.57
Travel (Train)	18.1%	0.37
Accommodation	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Other)	0.0%	0.00
Travel (Road)	0.0%	0.00



Emissions by location and transport mode



Results

Accommodation

Type of accommodation	Number of nights	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
Administration Office	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Bed & Breakfast	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Budget Hotel	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Business Hotel	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Exhibition Hall	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Hostel	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Total	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%

Transport (Air)

Type of air travel	Number of travellers	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
Domestic	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Long Haul International (Greater than 3700km)	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Short Haul International (Up to 3700km)	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Total	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%

Food

Type of meals	Number of Meals	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
Non-Vegetarian Meals	200.0	1.00	90.5%	48.7%
Vegetarian Meals	50.0	0.10	9.5%	5.1%
Total	250.0	1.10	100.0%	53.8%

Transport (Road)

Type of road travel	Number of travellers	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
Car	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Passenger Vehicle	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Taxi or Ride Share	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Total	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%

Transport (Train)

Type of train travel	Number of travellers	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
International Rail	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Light rail and tram	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
National Rail	120	0.21	57.6%	10.5%
Total	480	0.37	100.0%	18.1%

Transport (Other)

Type of other travel	Number of travellers	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
Ferry (passenger and/or vehicle)	0	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Walking/Cycling	180	0.00	0.0%	0.0%
Total	180	0.00	0.0%	0.0%

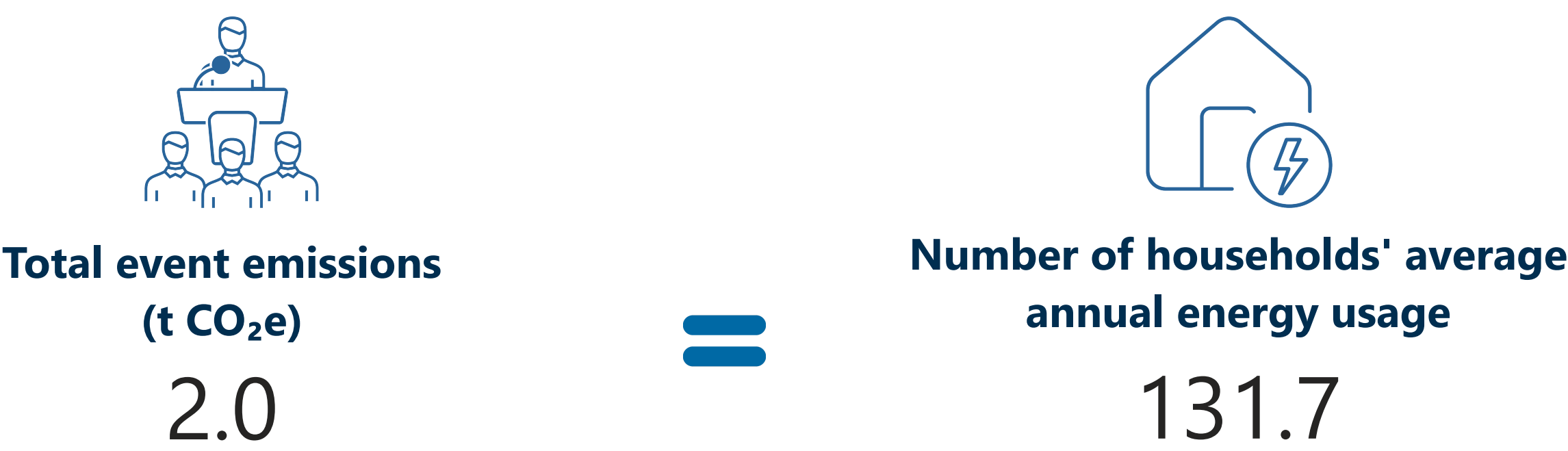
Venue

Total number of venue rooms - 1

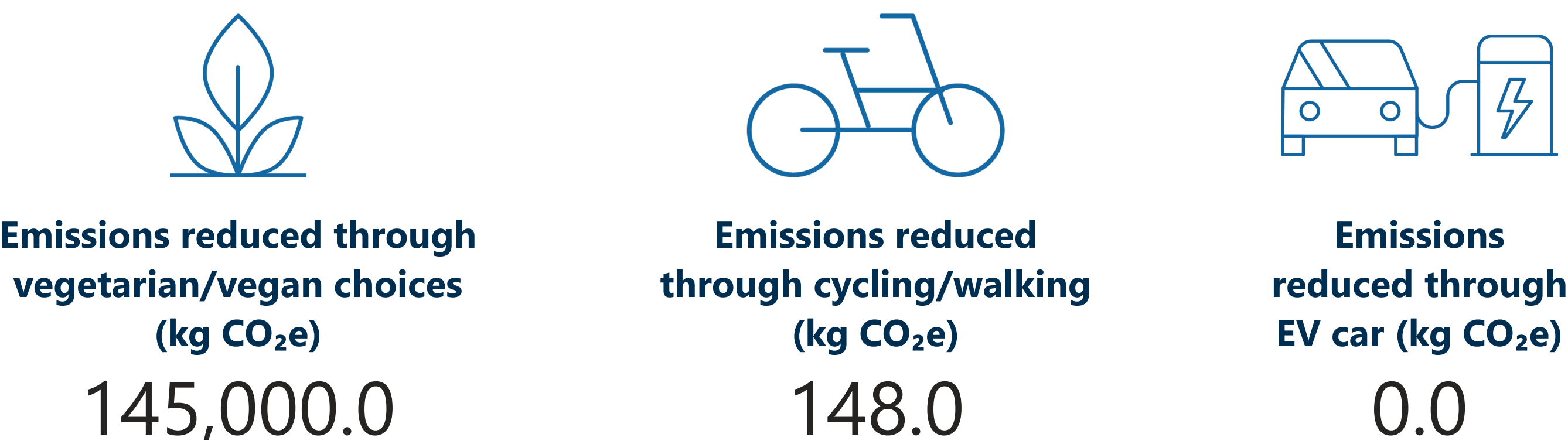
Venue	No. of hours	Total emissions (t CO ₂ e)	Percent of category emissions	Percent of event emissions
 Hilton London Bankside	11.0	0.57	100.0%	28.0%
Total	11.0	0.57	100.0%	28.0%

Equivalent emissions

“This section of the report puts the event’s emissions into context through providing examples of everyday equivalents and highlights key sustainability savings”.



Savings



Methodology

All emission calculations used in this process follow the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and IPCC Reporting Guidelines. The below methodology is provided for all possible outputs of the EarthCheck EventCalculator. Not all sections will be relevant to every event.

Venue

Emissions for energy and waste from the event venue are calculated based on the area (m²) required for the event, the event duration, and the average annual emissions per square metre. If the event venue is an EarthCheck Certified member and the event is held onsite, the average emissions are calculated using the third party audited data reported in their EarthCheck software. For all other venues, the EarthCheck Regional Average level of emissions is used. EarthCheck's Regional Average figure is based on relevant member data, case studies, and research. The Regional Average is reviewed annually and updated accordingly. This venue emission calculation includes scope 3 emissions from waste.

Food

Emissions from the food served at the event are calculated based on the number of meals and an emission factor that is relevant to the type of meal. The meal emission factors were identified through research by the Terra Institute GmbH, and comprise information sourced from the Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, the Beverage Industry Environmental Roundtable, and the IFEU (Institute for Energy and Environmental Research Heidelberg).

A "meal" is considered a standard serving of food for an individual person, such as breakfast, lunch or dinner. If partial meals are served, they count as a half a meal, for example morning or afternoon tea breaks, light canapes or grazing food platters. For the emissions factor in this calculator, a standard served meal is considered a 2-course meal plus a beverage.

Travel

Emissions from event attendee transport are calculated using the kilometres travelled and an emissions factor that is relevant to each transport type. Emission factors provided by EarthCheck are reviewed in-depth by third-party researchers on a regular basis. Kilometres of travel are calculated automatically based on the origin and destination for each trip.

Accommodation

Emissions from attendee accommodation are calculated using the number of nights of accommodation required for the event and an average amount of emissions generated per guest night.

If the event organiser is an EarthCheck Certified member and guests are staying onsite, the average emissions are calculated using third party audited data reported in their EarthCheck Certified software. For all other accommodation providers, the EarthCheck Regional Average level of emissions is used. EarthCheck's Regional Average figure is based on all relevant member data, case studies and research. The Regional Average is reviewed annually and updated accordingly.

Extrapolation for attendee travel and accommodation

If the attendee transport and accommodation data is not captured from all event attendees, the achieved sample size will be extrapolated as a representative sample of data and assume the data collected is representative of the missing data.

To ensure accurate carbon footprint calculations, it is best practice to provide a representative sample of data that can be extrapolated with 95% confidence and a 5% margin of error. The larger and more diverse the sample size, the more reliable the final estimate. Recommended minimum sample sizes to meet 95% confidence and a 5% margin of error are:

- Small event (50 attendees): Collect data from at least 44 people.
- Medium event (200 attendees): Collect data from at least 132 people.
- Large event (1,000 attendees): Collect data from at least 278 people.
- Major event (4,000 attendees): Collect data from at least 351 people.